



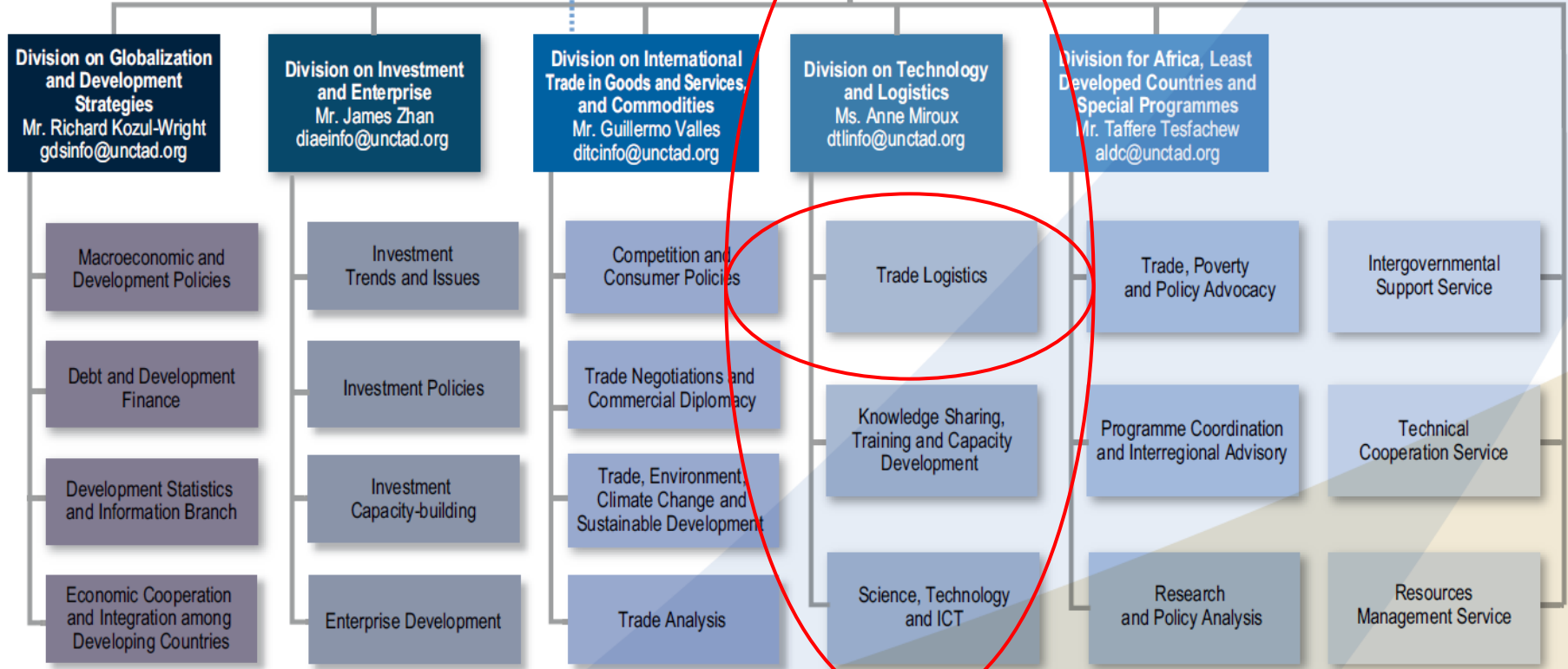
Short course:
Trade logistics, transport,
trade facilitation and
customs automation
2 November 2015

Trade Logistics Branch
Division on Technology and Logistics

SECRETARIAT

Office of the Secretary-General of UNCTAD
 Mr. Mukhisa Kituyi, Secretary-General
 Mr. Petko Draganov, Deputy Secretary-General
 Mr. Adnan T. Issa, Chief of Staff ad-interim

- Evaluation and Monitoring Unit
- Communications, Information and Outreach
- Special Unit on Commodities
- UNCTAD New York Office



One Branch - four areas of work

- Policy and Legislation
- Trade Facilitation
- Transport
- Asycuda (Automated System for Customs Data) Programme



Key thematic areas of work include:

Around UNCTAD's three pillars of work
THINK, DISCUSS, DELIVER

- International shipping and seaborne trade
- Port-related issues
- Hinterland connections
- Transport corridors development
- Transport cost and freight rates
- Mainstreaming sustainability criteria in freight transport
- Financing transport infrastructure development and services

Particular attention given to LLDCs and SIDS

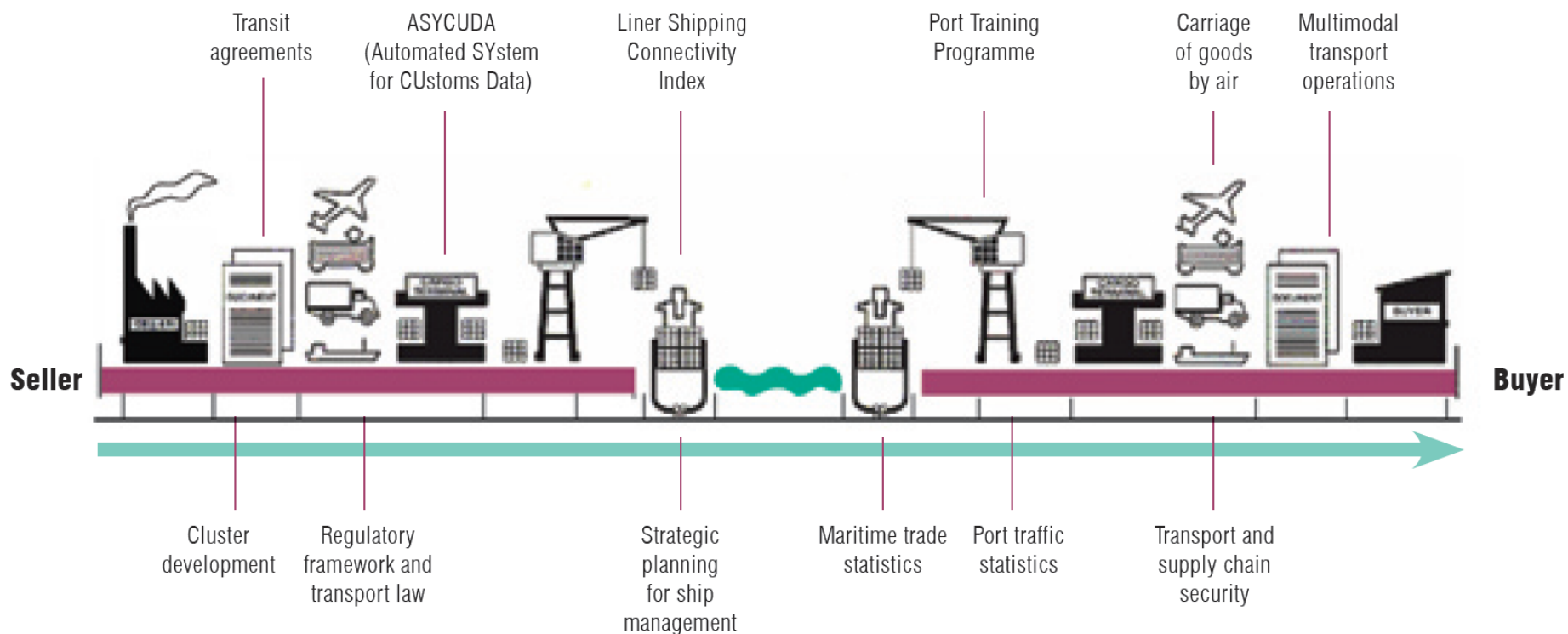


Trade Logistics Branch

- **Transport** - one of the few areas of sectoral work at UNCTAD - and critical to globalization and trade-led growth and development
 - Cross-cutting relevance for achieving progress on most of the SDGs;
- **Trade Facilitation** - important development dimension
- **ASYCUDA** - computerized customs management system which covers most foreign trade procedures.
- **Broad and strong mandate covering all modes of transport**
 - Express mandate to carry out research and analysis
 - Focus on the special concerns arising for developing countries, LLDCs, SIDS, LDCs, economies in transition
 - Long tradition in research and analysis on economic, policy and legal issues in maritime transport
- **Synergy between Research and Analysis - Technical Cooperation - Consensus Building Activities; Good interagency cooperation**



UNCTAD Supply chain approach





Flagship Report: Review of Maritime Transport

- Annual Flagship Report - since 1968
- Praised as a standard reference, including by industry
- Provides data and analysis on international seaborne trade, shipping, the world fleet, ports, freight markets, and transport-related regulatory and legal developments
- Statistical data now available online

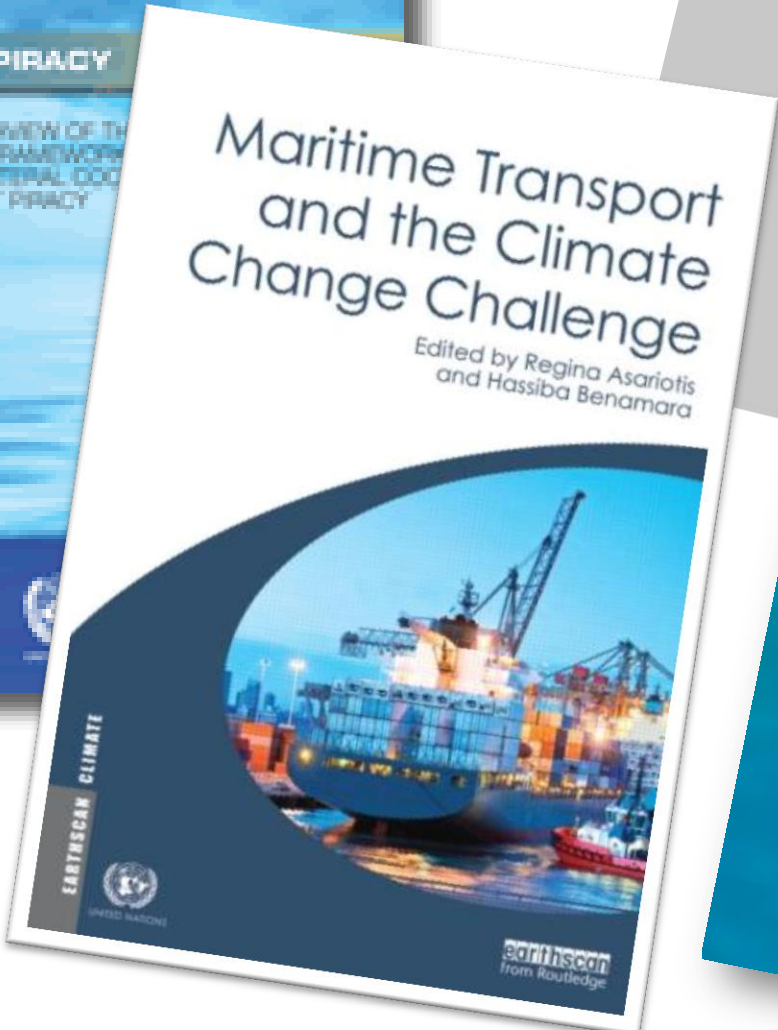
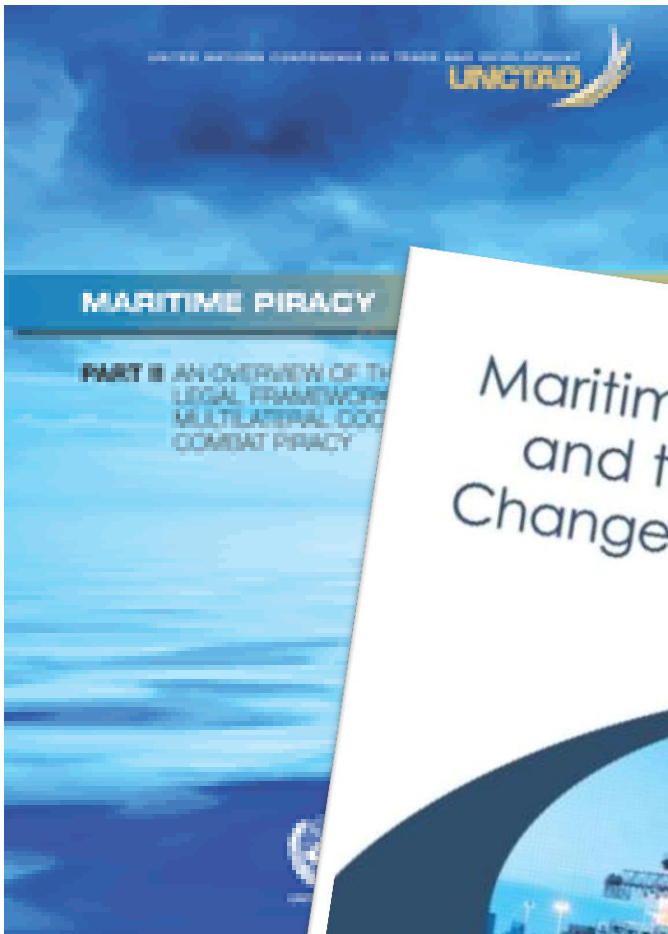
Transport and Trade Facilitation Newsletter

- Broad readership: approx. 3000 subscribers

See <http://unctad.org/rmt> , <http://unctad.org/transportnews>



Policy and Legislation



Policy and Legislation: thematic areas of work

Based on mandate, expertise and demand

UNCTAD: long history in negotiation of international transport law conventions; established expertise in research and analysis

- **Commercial transport law** (focus on maritime law, multimodal transport, carriage of goods by air, ship-source oil-pollution, transport documents)
- **Maritime and supply-chain security**
- **Developments in International Shipping and Seaborne Trade**
- Emerging issues: **energy, environment, climate change**
- Research and analytical studies cover topical and key issues in depth
- Synergy: research, intergovernmental meetings, advice and assistance

Think: Research and analysis

- **Research and analysis: Some recent publications**
 - **Rotterdam Rules 2008** (carriage by sea and multimodal transport); *Aspects of air law; Multimodal transport and transport documents; Maritime and supply-chain security;*
 - **Maritime Piracy (Part I): An Overview of Trends, Costs and Trade-related Implications (2014)**
 - **Maritime Piracy (Part II): An Overview of the International Legal Framework and of Multilateral Cooperation to Combat Piracy (2014)**
 - **Oil Prices and Maritime Freight Rates: An Empirical Investigation (2011)**
 - **Liability and Compensation for Ship-Source Oil Pollution: An Overview of the International Legal Framework for Oil Pollution Damage from Tankers (2012)**
 - **UNCTAD edited volume on Maritime Transport and the Climate Change Challenge (2012).** *Published with Earthscan/Routeledge*
 - Yearly contributions to relevant chapters of the *Review of Maritime Transport*
 - **Research currently underway: UNCTAD Port Industry Survey on Climate Variability and Change .**

Discuss: Consensus building

- **Consensus-building activities, e.g.:**
 - UNCTAD Expert Meeting 2009: **“Maritime transport and the climate change challenge”**
 - Joint UNCTAD-UNECE Workshop 2010: **“Climate change impacts on international transport networks”**
 - Ad Hoc Expert Meeting 2011 : **“Climate change impacts and adaptation: a challenge for global ports”**
 - **Multiyear Expert Meeting** focusing on **transport-related challenges facing SIDS**, 2014



Deliver: Capacity building/technical assistance

- **Capacity building and advisory services, e.g.:**
 - Advisory services on transport related legal issues: e.g. **Transport law, carriage of goods and liability, environmental regulation in shipping**, etc.
 - Training and capacity building including on relevant thematic areas of work including **marine oil pollution and liability**.
- **Capacity building and technical assistance projects:**
UNDA Technical Assistance Project: *Climate change impacts on coastal transport infrastructure in the Caribbean: enhancing the adaptive capacity of SIDS 2014-2017* .



Trade Facilitation



Trade Facilitation: thematic areas of work

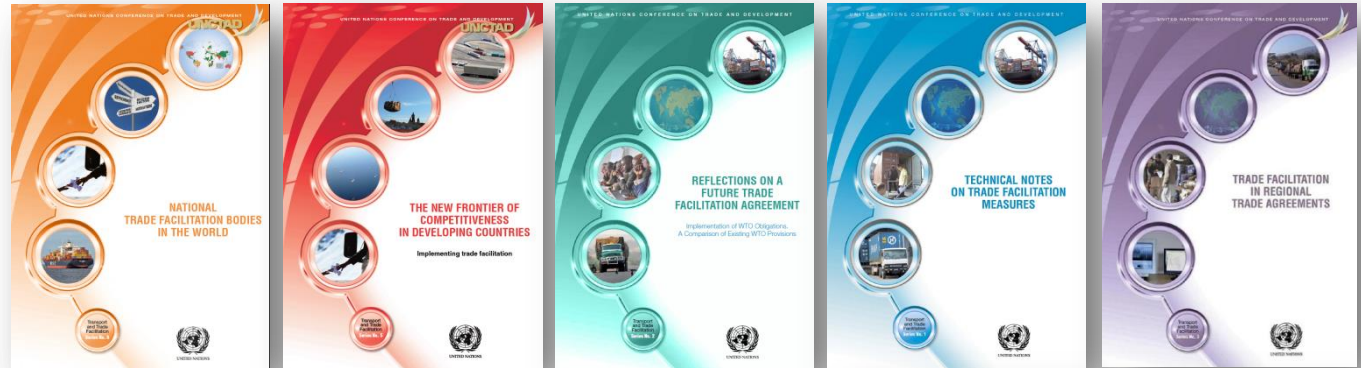
Based on mandate, expertise and demand

UNCTAD: Facilitation of trade part of UNCTAD's core mandate

- **Developing countries integration in international value and supply chains** (focus import, export and transit procedures)
- **National Trade Facilitation Committees**
- **Development of National Trade Facilitation Plans**, Technical assistance to +35 countries
- **Related issues covered by other UNCTAD branches and Divisions:** NTMs, e-business and trade portals

Think: Research and analysis

- Studies on TF issues

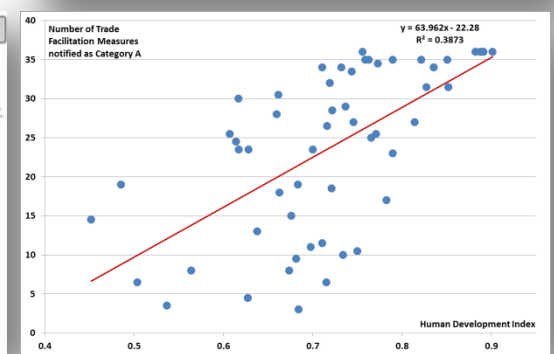
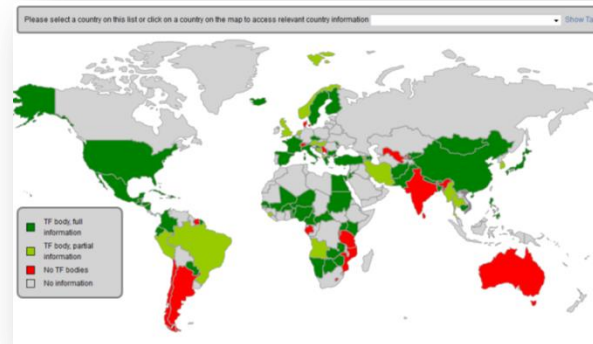
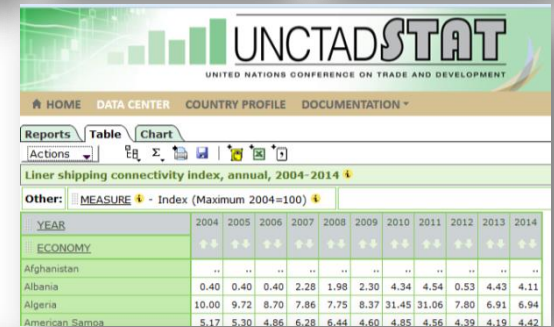


- Shipping networks, production of UNCTAD Liner Shipping Connectivity Index (LSCI)

(LSCI) <http://stats.unctad.org/lsci>

- Research on Trade Facilitation and Development

- Repository on National TF committees



Discuss: Consensus-Building

- Multilateral:
UNCTAD and WTO,
as well as LLDC
context
- Regional:
Collaboration with
regional groupings
on TF coordination
- National:
National TF committees



Deliver: Technical Assistance and Capacity-Building

- Main themes
 - 1) TFA implementation preparation: categorization, notification, ratification, project development
 - 2) National TF committees
 - 3) Training

- Projects

Current

- CEFTA (with DITC)
- DTIS (with ALDC)
- GIZ in EAC

Forthcoming / expected

- Sweden
- UK
- EU
- Germany
- China





Transport

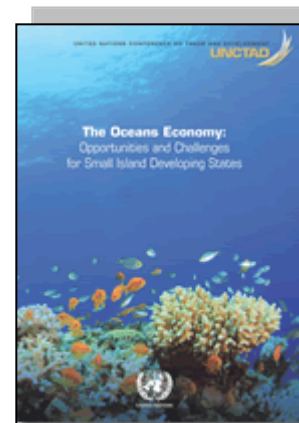
Transport: thematic areas of work

Based on mandate, expertise and demand

- **Transit transport and support to LLDCs and transit developing countries** (design and implementation of sustainable and resilient transit transport)
- **Sustainable and resilient transport systems in the context of the post-2015 agenda, especially in SIDS**
- **Monitoring, analysing and assessing the trade logistics needs of developing countries and assisting in the design and implementation of sustainable and resilient transport systems**
- **Key issues: Mobilize financial resources to support the implementation of sustainable and resilient freight transport systems**

Think: Research and Analysis

- UNCTAD Review of Maritime Transport (Chapters on Freight Rates and Port Developments; (2012) Sustainable Freight Transport)
- *"The Way to the Ocean: LLCDs & Transit Corridors"* (2014)
- *"Sustainable Freight Finance"* (forthcoming)
- Journal articles (both writing & peer review)
- Input in other Division's publications (ALDC report, WESP), other organizations (UNESCAP Asia & Pacific Annual Statistical Review) or joint publications (Oceans Economy report)



Discuss: Consensus-Building & Outreach

- Contribution to/substantive servicing of UNCTAD meetings (MYEM/AHEM/Commission)
- External (presentations/workshops/roundtables)
 - e.g. The Standing Committee for Economic and Commercial Cooperation of the Organization of the Islamic Cooperation (COMCEC) (Turkey)
 - University lectures (Switzerland, London, Hong Kong)
 - OECD Port Cities Programme (Netherlands)
 - Pan African Port Conference (Kenya)
 - Baltic Port Organisation (Denmark), European Sea Ports Organization (Greece)
 - International Forum of Ports and Containers (Colombia)
 - Congress of the Federación Colombiana de Agentes Logísticos (Colombia).

Deliver: Technical Assistance and Capacity-Building

- UNDA 7th tranche - "*Capacity Building for Control Authorities and Transport Operators to Improve Efficiency of Cross-border Transport in Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries*"
- UNDA 9th tranche - "*Building capacities of developing countries to enable a reorientation towards sustainable freight transport through sound transport policy measures and adequate financing actions and strategies*"
- FIATA - Training of Trainers course in Freight Forwarding (Tanzania, Chile, Zimbabwe etc.)
- Port efficiency: advice to regional port associations (PMAWCA)

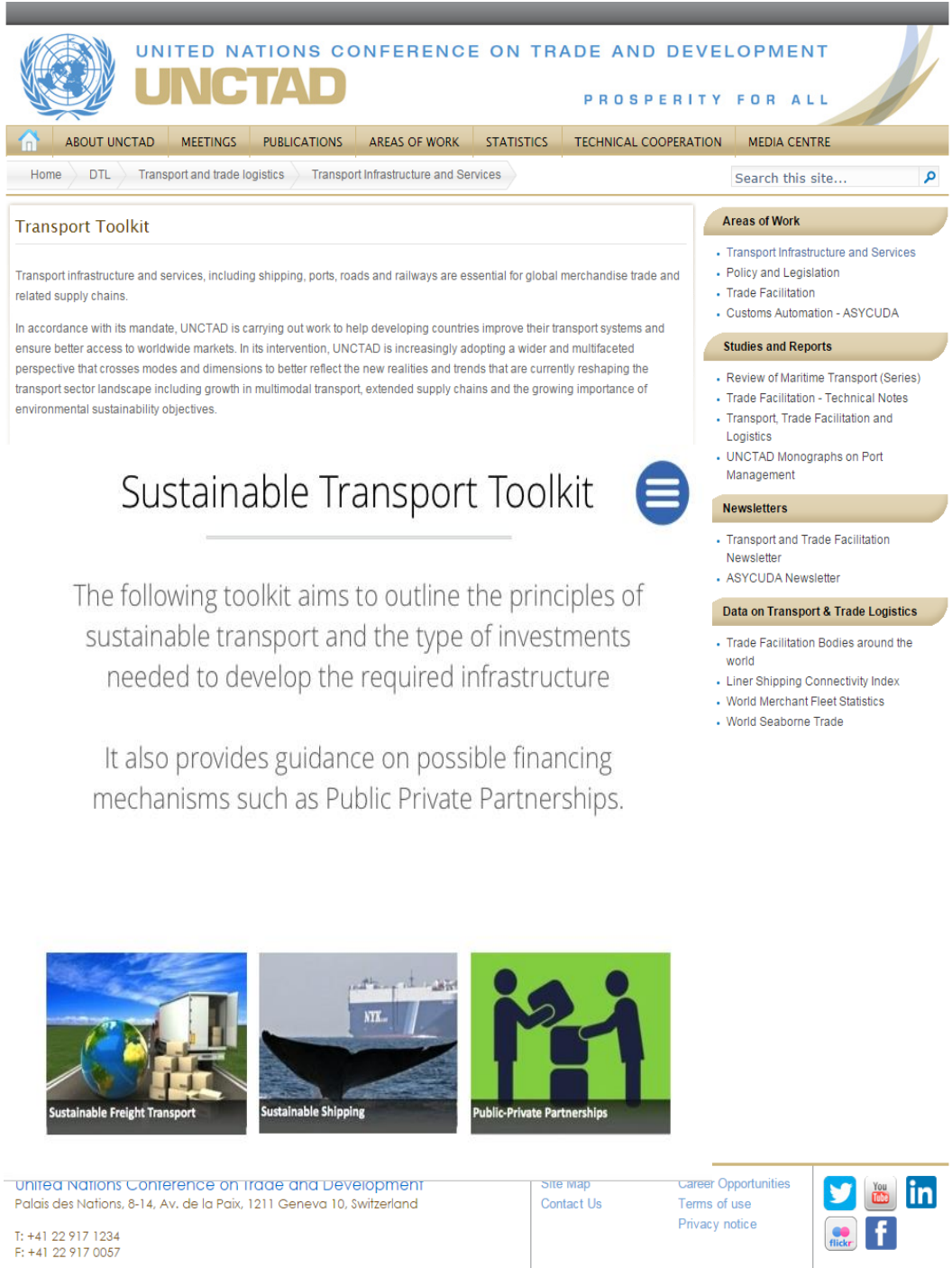


Aim:

Build the capacities of developing countries to shift towards sustainable freight transport systems

Key activities include:

- Training toolkit
- Web platform
- Capacity building workshops (in East Africa - Northern and Central Corridors and in the Caribbean)
- Advisor services



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Home > DTL > Transport and trade logistics > Transport Infrastructure and Services

Search this site...

Transport Toolkit

Transport infrastructure and services, including shipping, ports, roads and railways are essential for global merchandise trade and related supply chains.

In accordance with its mandate, UNCTAD is carrying out work to help developing countries improve their transport systems and ensure better access to worldwide markets. In its intervention, UNCTAD is increasingly adopting a wider and multifaceted perspective that crosses modes and dimensions to better reflect the new realities and trends that are currently reshaping the transport sector landscape including growth in multimodal transport, extended supply chains and the growing importance of environmental sustainability objectives.

Sustainable Transport Toolkit

The following toolkit aims to outline the principles of sustainable transport and the type of investments needed to develop the required infrastructure

It also provides guidance on possible financing mechanisms such as Public Private Partnerships.

- Transport Infrastructure and Services
- Policy and Legislation
- Trade Facilitation
- Customs Automation - ASYCUDA

Studies and Reports




- Review of Maritime Transport (Series)
- Trade Facilitation - Technical Notes
- Transport, Trade Facilitation and Logistics
- UNCTAD Monographs on Port Management

Newsletters

- Transport and Trade Facilitation Newsletter
- ASYCUDA Newsletter

Data on Transport & Trade Logistics

- Trade Facilitation Bodies around the world
- Liner Shipping Connectivity Index
- World Merchant Fleet Statistics
- World Seaborne Trade



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ASYCUDA

is the core of

ICIS

PLAY AGAIN >>



ASYCUDA - Automated System for Customs Data

In 1981 UNCTAD received a request from the secretariat of the Economic Community of Western African States (ECOWAS) to assist in the compilation of foreign trade statistics in their member States. After an initial evaluation it became quickly apparent that this would require the involvement of Customs clearance offices, and the modernization of Customs clearance procedures, to achieve quality results.

[Find out more](#) about the background and origins of the ASYCUDA programme.

ASYCUDAWorld in Syria

In an effort to streamline and harmonize the customs procedures, the [Government of Syria](#) selected ASYCUDAWorld as a tool for the automation of Customs.

The ASYCUDAWorld system to be implemented in the Republic of Syria is based on state of the art IT technologies (web, Java etc) and could be one of the core elements of the implementation of e-government and e-business in the country



ASYCUDAWorld in Ivory Coast

[Ivory Coast Customs Administration](#) is to undergo a modernisation programme in order to change their current Information Technology software.

The Government of Ivory Coast has selected ASYCUDAWorld system for the computerization of their customs revenue collection and statistics gathering process and as the base tool to achieve the objectives of the reform process. Funding for ASYCUDAWorld implementation has been secured by the Government of Ivory Coast. The system will be implemented in 18 months.



ASYCUDA Offices

- ▶ Americas: 10:53
- ▶ East Africa: 17:53
- ▶ West Africa: 14:53
- ▶ Asia Pacific: 22:53
- ▶ Europe: 15:53
- ▶ Middle East: 16:53

ASYCUDA Community

This [online resource](#) provides information and tools to support modernisation and automation in Customs. The facility is currently available to ASYCUDA user Customs Administrations only.

▶ For more information, please contact the [Webmaster](#)

World of ASYCUDA





In 2015, 95 countries are using ASYCUDA
21 staff in Geneva and around 100 ASYCUDA specialists in the field
Two ASYCUDA Newsletters are published yearly

MISSION

To provide technical assistance, develop advanced software applications and strengthen institutional capacity for Customs with emphasis on the special needs of the least developed countries.

VISION

Public Administrations are implementing e-Government strategies. Revenue agencies such as Customs can contribute to these processes together with trade partners and other public agencies. Present in 90 countries, ASYCUDA remains central to these developments.

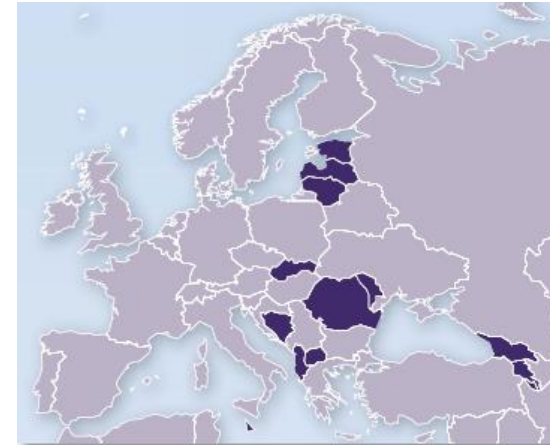
VALUES

- Vehicle for UN Core values
- Search for Excellence
- Reliability
- Client Orientation
- Technological Awareness
- Creativity
- Innovation
- Development-oriented

ASYCUDA AROUND THE WORLD



Africa	41
Americas and the Caribbean	22
Asia and Pacific	15
Europe	10
Middle-East	6



ASYCUDA in 5 continents

Source : ASYCUDA World Report



UNCTAD ASYCUDA Today

- 5 continents
- 8 regional support centers
- 19 languages and 8 alphabets
- 20 core staff and 100 working in field
- 30 years of experience
- 60 active projects
- 95 national and regional implementations
- 70.000 trained ASYCUDA users
- 15.000.000 customs operations per year
- 50.000.000 transactions annually



ASYCUDA Benefits

(Web/Internet Version)

Full
e-Government e-
Business

- **Protection of previous investments**
Coexists/cooperates with ASYCUDA++ / Other systems
- **Full ownership of the beneficiary country**
Source code
Training of the national team
e-Documents and templates
- **Full advantage of new IT technologies**
Implementation without disruptions
Low deployment costs
Electronic signature, multimedia, etc...
- **Paves the way to full e-Government systems**
Customs Administration and other governmental entities
Low operational risks
Low development costs
Preparation of a “paperless administration”





Thank you for your attention!

Questions?

www.unctad.org/TLB